## THE NEW YORK HERALD. JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor. Circulation --- Forty Thousand.

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD CO.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Monday, April 14th,
1940, the care will run as follows:—

The Freight Train will leave White Plains at 7 A. M., and the City Hall at 1 45 F. M., for the present.

12 Im m

13 Im m

14 Im m

15 Im m

16 Im m

17 Im m

18 Im m

18 Im m

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18 Im m

19 Im

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FOR LIVERPOOL—New Line—Regular Packet Shi
Saith May—The elegant fast sailing Packet Shi
Sait as abore, her regular day.
For freight or passage, having accommodation unequalled for
spleudor and comfort, apply on board, at Orleans wharf, for
G Wall street, or.

Will succeed the queen of the west, and sail on her regular day, alter 21st of June.

21st of June.

22st of the 11st of LiverPool Packets.

Packet of the 10st May. The well known, favorite, and fast sailing Packet Ship TAROLINTA, Captain South, will sail positively as above, her regular day.

Persons about visiting the old country will find it to their advantage to select this ship in preference to any other, as they will well precise to easy other, as they will sail to secure berthathould not fail to make immediate application on hoard foot of Dover street, or to

W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT,

Man South street, corner of Maiden Lane.

LONDON LINE OF PACKETS—The splendid and fast sailing packet ship NORTHUMBERLAND.

R. H. Griswold, master, will sail on the 19th May, her

NEW FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.
TROPEOLUM PEREGRINUM, Canary Bird flower, a native of Paru, well adapted for covering trellis of various forms.

subscriber.

JOSEPH M'MURRAY,

100 Pine street corner of South,

rite packet ship Gladiator, Captain Buntin
ceed the above, and sail on the 20th of Ms

0 00 1 00 P. M.

Leave City Hall for Fordham and Williams Bridge.

5 00 A. M.
10 00 2 00 P. M.
5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00

DAILY HERALD—Every day. Price 2 cents per copy—\$7 25 per annum—payable in advance.

WEEKLY HERALD—Every Saturday—Price 6] cents per copy—\$3 12] cents per annum—payable in advance.

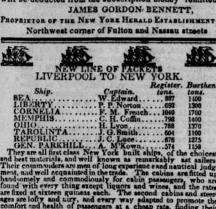
ADVERTISEMENTS at the usual prices—always cash in advance.

cash in advance.

PRINTING of all kinds executed with beauty and despatch.

despatch.

(2)— All letters or communications, by mail, addressed to the establishment, must be post paid, or the postage will be deducted from the subscription money remitted JAMES GORDON BENNETT,



na. Fare \$2.

Through by Raid Road in Six Hours..

Fare \$3.

Cars leave the Depot corner of 11th and Market streets, at 4 o'clock, P. M., and daily (seept Sunday) at half-past M., or on the arrival of the Train on New York. Part leaving New York at \$4, P. M., for Philadelphia, can Baltimore next morning in ample time for any Line leaving a South or West.

the South or West.

Ckets can be procured at the Depet or on board the boat, at ck atreet wharf, Fniladelphia. Fars to Wheeling, \$13—to tshurgh, \$12.

Passenger Car will be attached to the Freight Train, which was the Depot daily, (except Sunday) at \$4 \cdot oclock, P. M., arrive in Baltimore early next morning. Fars 50 cents.

Or further particulars, apply 10

GEO. P. FISHER, Agont,
No. 7 Wall street, or 6 West street.

N. B.—Freight taken at 5 cents per 100 lbs. my10 Imrc

NOTICE.
STATEN ISLAND
FERRY,
FOOT OF WHITEHALL STREET.
FARE REDUCED TO 64 CENTS.
The Steamboats Sy LPH and STATEN ISLANDER will leave as follows until further notice:

LEAVE NEW YORK:
8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, A. M.; 1, 2, 34, 5, and 6, P. M.
LEAVE STATEN ISLAND:
8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, A. M.; 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 P. M.
myftm NOTICE.

ALBANY AND BUFFALO RAILROAD OFFICE,

NO. 59 COURTLANDT STREET.

NOTICE TO IMMIGRANTS.

The Subscribers, Sole Agents in New Cork, for forwarding passengers by second class cars from Albany to Buffalo, ariled to send them per People's Line Steamboats to Aland thence, per Railroad, to Utica, for \$2 05; Syracase, Auburn, \$3 55; Rochester, \$4 61; Buffalo, \$5 50. Chi) om 2 to 12 years old, at half price; under 2 years free; and to 15th instant, all baggage on the Railroad is satisfactorized.

information as to different routes given gratis, and passen-crevaried to every port on Lake Ontario and upper Lakes lowest raise. The subscribers would call particular aid to the fact that THEIR TICKETS ONLY are recog-at the office at Albany. WOLF & RICKERS, No. 30 Courtland: street, Sole Accents Albany & Buffalo Railroad, 3d class cars, w York, 8th April, 1845.

FOR HALIFAX AND LIVERPOOL.

NEW YORK, ALBANY AND TROY LINE
FOR ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT
from the Pier, foot of Countlands street. The
steambook EMPIRE, Cartain R. B. Macy, will
repeat to the Countlands street, this, Raturday evening, at 2
clock.

WANTED—Good and anitable vessels to freight
Coal from Philadelphia and Bristol to Boston, Proviguezice, Saco, Norwich, Allen's Point, Greenport, Hartfurd, New Haven, Middleton, Albany, Troy and other parts.

The highest price will be paid and constant employment gives.

Apply to FREDERICK TYLER & CO.

6 Wall street, or

E. SAFFORD & CO.,

226 lm\*re

LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKETS.—The favorite and fast asiling Packet Ship STEPHEN WHITNEY, W. C. Thomson, Master, will positive Whitneys, which was a superior accommodations for cabin, second cabin and sterrage passengers, persons about embarking by this first last packet, should make early application on board, foot of fine street, or to the subscriber.

ROULSTONE'S RIDING SCHOOL,
137 and 130 Mercer Street.

MR JOHN S. ROULSTONE has the hom
inform his friends and the public in general, the
day and evening, as follows:

Hours for Gentlemen from ... 6 to 8 A. M.

Terms of instruction made known on application to
Roulstone.

BARENNE & CO.

114 Grand Street, Corner of Broadway,
Have the honor to inform the Ladies that they will,
make a Summer Opening on Monday, the 5th of May, having received from Paris, by the packet ship Saint Nicholas, the last arrival, an elegant and entirely new assortment of
new articles, and Gipay Hats, new styles.

NEAPOLITAN BONNETS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Patentees and Manufacturers
of the Neapolitan Bonnets, respectfully inform the trade
that they are now ready to supply the above article of the
fateat style and of superior quality, in quantities to suit purchasers.

A DOLLAR SAVED

IS A DOLLAR SAVED

GENTLEMEN who make it a rule to lay out their money to the beat advantage, are respectfully notified that they can purchase Hats and Caps at ROBERTSON'S PHENIX HAT AND CAP

ROBERTSON'S PHENIX HAT AND CAP

No. 103 Fulton street, between William and Nassau streets, much cheaper thau at any other establishment in the city. An inflexible adherence to the system of large sales, small profits, and cash on delivery, enables the proprietor to offer the different articles in his line at the following reduced rates:

HATS.

First quality Nutria Fur.

So Second

Moleskin.

CAPS.

First quality men's and boy's.

\$1.50

CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK.
MAJOR FANCHER & YOUNG BOSS
RDS, No. 5 Bowery, stick to it yet and know
as ell a splendid article of French Stirched Bot

New York, near Broadway.

m' n'm' re

H. B. JONES.

FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
AND MATERIALS FOR FLORISTS.

BRUN LAROSHERE & COURT. 118 William street, have just received by the last Havre packets, a street, have just received by the last Havre packets, as street, have just received by the last Havre packets, of the most elegant and latest styles, and will continue receiving them by every succeeding packet.

HENRY & KAHN, 73 Liberty street, up stain, have just received and offier for sale a complete assortment of FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, in bunches, sprigs and single. Materials for do do, and all kinds of WATER COLOZS,

waterias for do do, and an kinds of WATER COLO2S, for flower manufacturers use; among which is a liquid pink color of very superisr quality. Also an invoice of PARIS CAPS, for Ladies and Children, of very rich embroidery; Hair Pins, of latest styles and a lot of splendid Engravings, plain an colored milil 2m \*cc
Fine WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.

R & L. S. ROCKWELL, 413 Broadway, a few doors south of Canal street, have a good assortment of fine Gold and Silver Duplex, Detached Lever, Lepine and other Watches, which they will warrant first rate time-keepers and sell at very low prices. THE NUMBER of gardener work. He has also plants of all kinds of gardener work. He has also plants of all the most esteemed varieties.

Ornamental Shade Trees for streets will be planted in a proper manner in any part of the city. Also a select assortment of Grape Vines of large size, which bore abundantly last year. Boquets of the most choice flowers tastefully put up, ready at all semanns of the year.

The subscriber respectfully solicits the patronage of the ladies and gentlemen of New York and vicinity.

Orders left at the office of the New York Farmer and Mechanic, 135 Nassan street, Cliaton Hall, will be promptly attended to.

which they will warrant first rate time-keepers and sett at very low prices.

Watches and Clocks carefully repaired by skillful and experienced workmen.

Old Silver and Gold wanted, at its full value.

MATCHES :—WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—Those who wish to purchase Gold or Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Gold Pencils, keys, &c., will find it greatly to their advantage to call on the keys, &c., will find it greatly to their advantage to call on the keys, &c., will find it greatly to their advantage to call on the keys, &c., will find it greatly to their advantage to call on the keys, &c., will find it greatly to their advantage to call on the keys of the above at retail much lover that the city. Gold Watches as low as \$20 and \$25 cech. Watches and lewelry repaired in the best manner and warranted, at much less than the usual price.

THE BCHM FLUTE.

PHILLIP ERNST. Teacher of the Flate and Guitar, would inform the lowers of Music, that he has now for sale one of the above celebrated Instruments, constructed in every respect in accordance with those now in use at the Paris and London Royal Academies. To be seen at PHILIP ERNST'S Music Salcon, 255 Broadway, near Walker street.

FOR SALE,

A GRAND PIANO FORTE known as one of the most perfect of the celebrated manufacture of ERARD in Paris, which has already been tried in America during the winter season. The price is \$700 instead of \$100, which it would cost if it was imported directly from Paris. With the Pismo, will be given music by the best ancient and modern composers, valued at upwards of one hundred dollars. Apply at all Im\*re MADAME FILLET, 400 Broadway.

TO RENT IN BROADWAY, near Franklin street, a Suite of Rooms on the ground floor, handsomely furnished. Also, sundry Furnished Rooms in said-house, suitable for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen. Apply at 305 Broadway.

DAGUERREOTYPE PORTRAITS.

J. RACY has taken Rooms at No. 23 Broadway, up beantful specimens of the Dayserine Art in this city. The prices are according to the style of finish, from.

The space occupied with the evidence in this cause, forbids even the most meagre outline of the addresses to the prices are according to the style of finish, from the space occupied with two able attorneys.

Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, for Washington County.

TRIAL OF CAPTAIN WILKES.

Concluded.

THURSDAY, May 1, 1845.

The space occupied with the evidence in this cause, forbids even the most meagre outline of the addresses to the prices are according to the style of finish, from W.

ands for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen. Apply at 368 Broadway.

DAGUERRECTYPE PORTRAITS.

J. F. TRACY has taken Rooms at No. 238 Broadway, up

stairs, second floor, where he is executing some of the most
beautiful specimens of the Daguerrian Art in this city. The
prices are according to the style of finish, from

ONE TO THREE DOLLARS.

Those in want of perfect Pictures are requested to call and examine his specimens. Mr. T. is happy to amounce that he has
engaged the professional services of N. G. Burgeas, for a short
time, and those who wish Pictures in his peculiar beautiful style
would do well to call soon.
Plates, Cases, Chemicals, &c., always on hand, and instructions given in the Art on moderate terms.

JOHN ROACH, Opticina, £2 Nasanu street, begs leave to inform Photographits, that he has just received, direct from
Tubes, which he is a very large of the prices as follows:

Tube with 3 inch lenses for full size plates, camera and stand, \$145.

de a decirity of the prices of the pr

tion.

You will also find in the BAZAAR, the most complete assortment of Sugar Plumbs and Candies, from 25 cents to \$3 a pound; Jujube Paste, Chocolate, &c.

Two large Saloons have been fitted up in a magnificent style, as ICE CREAM SALOONS. A compretent person, from a Philadelphin establishment, has been engaged to take the entire management of the Jee Cream Deputtment, and ladies and gentlemen will obtain at the Lafayette Bazzar, a real Ice Crem, Philadelphin style.

DAGUERREOTYPE PORTRAITS.

MRS. H. SHANKLAND, Daguerian Artist, has fixed the front part of the two galleries of the Bazaar, as Daguerreotype Salcons, where she will continue, as heretofore, to take the most perfect LIRENESS FOR ONE DOLLAR, including a nest Morocco Case or Frame.

Morocco Case or Frame.

For further particulars apply to my6 lmrc.

F. A. ARTAULT, At the Lafayette Bazaar.

The process of the control of the co

PARSELLS & AGATE, 273 Broadway, corner of Park Place. L continue the manufacture of their celebrated er, Brace and Riding Belts. a21 lm\*dh

Elastic. Shoulder, Brace and Riding Belts.

TO TAILORS.

THE Second Edition of Stinemet's celebrated work on Central Grant Control of Stinemet's celebrated work on Central Grant Control of Stinemet's celebrated work on Central Grant Control of Control o

Philadelphia—69 Chestant street, and 45 Fifth street.

my9 2m\*m

CARPETING.

454 PEARL STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just opened the large and spacious
I CARPET WARE ROOMS, No. 454 Pearl street, formerly occupied by Smith, Hewitt & Co., and are now ready to offer
the public an entire new stock of Carpeting, bought expressly for
the spring trade, some of which are exceedingly rich, of new designs and colors. Among them may be found35 NEW SETTS KIDMINSTER BRUSSELS,
18 PS. KIDMINSTER THREE PLY,
Rich Shading.
SUPERFINE FINE AND COMMON INGRAIN
CARPETING.

Of every variety and description.
Rugs, Druggets, Table and Piano Covers. Worsted, Tufted
and Jute Mats; Oil Cloths, very heavy and in great varieties,
from 2 to 21 feet wide; together with all other articles naually
found in the trade. The public are requested to call and examine
our stock before purchasing.

\*\*PETERSON & HUMPHREY,
454 Pearl street.

THE UNDERSIGNED amounts that from this day they have on land and shall receive from their correspondent manufacturers every description of Watches and Movements.

A. Delachaux—H Maire.

A. Delachaux—H Maire.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY, 454 Pearl street.

NEW YORK, April 21, 1845.

NELACHAUX & MAIRE, 454.

NEW YORK, April 21, 1845.

TRIAL OF CAPTAIN WILKES.

Concluded.

THURSDAY, May 1, 1845.

The space occupied with the evidence in this cause, forbids even the most meagre outline of the addresses to the jury to-day by the two able attorneys.

On the meeting of the Court, Mr. May, for the plaintiffs, spoke for two hours, with a clearness of argument, upon the methodical arrangement, of the law and the testimony, seldom surpassed. Captain Wilkes was not present, or he would have trembled, if he never did before. The learned counsellor presented a most revolting picture of the miserable fort—the chains—the filth—the taro and rotten fish—the vermin—the savage companions and masters—all the details of the confinement at Oahu, of the plaintiffs. He contended that the law was founded upon humanity—that it was designed for the protection of the weak against the aggressions of the strong—that it forbade the treatment of brute beasts as those prisoners had been treated. The case of Mostin and Fabricus, in which a native of Minorea recovered of an English captain £3000 damages, was cited and dwelt upon. The punishment of Caius Verres, for sourging a Homan citizen, was referred to as exhibiting the nigh obligation of the laws to the rights of the humblest critzen. The defendant was denounced as tyrannical, mnicious and disregardful of the rights and comforts of the plaintiffs—he had detained without authority—he had imprisoned them without the jurisdiction of his flag, and had consigned them to the tender keeping of cannibus, &c. It was the duty of defendant to keep his ship in a state of discipline—it was his duty not only to observe a humane regard for the comfort of his men, but to prevent their matreatment by others. No evidence had been adduced that the plaintiffs were subject not to the discretion of the Commander, but to the decision of a Court Martial. There was no exigency for the detention of these men—no excuse. When these and similar representations from the law and the evidence, and from the acknowledged obligations of humanity, the lear

and abilities, w'ill ensure him, if he continue faithful to himself, an ultimate position of high distinction in his profession.

Mr. Bradley, an older lawyer, one whose reputation as such secured nim the conduct of this cause for the defendant, followed next, after a recess, in a masterly argument of five hours duration for the defendant. He maintained the justice of a discretionary authority with the defendant—the necessity of confining the plaintiffs on shore to prevent the conveyion of disaffection in the ship. He complimented his learned friend on the disgusting picture of the prisoners and the fort, which he had so skilfully drawn; but insisted that the sufferings of the prisoners were of their own seeking, and could have been ended in a moment on their return to duty. He defended the conduct of the commander, and represented, from his journal, his firmness, devotion to duty and inflexible resolution to carry it out. He sitted the discrepancies in the testimony of Pensyl, as compared with that of Carr and others. He left no stone unturned. He showed the necessity of the retention of these marines, from the fact that on the discharge of a number of seamen, whose terms of service had expired, fifty islanders were substituted. Eut there was no substitute to be had for marines, and their services were indispensable to the objects of the expedition. Mr. Bradley argued for the supremacy of the law—of discipline—of order—in the navel service, as paramount considerations. He contended that these plaintiffs held out against their duty from a mistaken notion of the expiration of their terms of duty; and it was this distinction which made them subject to the discretionary authority of the defendant; as they would have only been subject to a count martial for flagrant disobedience of orders. He enforced upon the jury the latter clauses of the instructions under which they would be discharged to return a verdict, &c.

Mr. May made a general reply, in removing the legal impediments thrown in his way by his learned adve

shall find that the said hoggings and imprisonments were inflicted by order of deiendant; which instruction the court gave as prayed; to which instruction the defendant, by his counsel, excepts, and this bill of exceptions is signed, sealed, &c.

3. That if the jury believe, from the evidence aforesaid, that the detention of the plaintiffs, as alleged in the declarations in these causes, or either of them, after the term of their enlistments in the marine corps had fully expired, was not essential to the public interests, then such detention was unlawful, and the plaintiffs are entitled to recover such damage therefor, as in the opinion of the jury, from the whole evidence, they ought to have, provided the jury shall find that the said plaintiffs were detained by order of defendant; which instruction the court gave as prayed; to which instruction the defendant, by his counsel, excepts, &c.

FOR THE DEFENDANT.

provided the jury shall find that the said plaintiffs were detained by order of defendant; which instruction the court gave as prayed; to which instruction the defendant, by his counsel, excepts, &c.

1. If, from the evidence aforesaid, the jury should not find that the plaintiffs respectively made the contract, and received the said bounty, but that they were, previous to the said alleged grievances, calisted marines on board the said United States ship. Vincennes, a public vessel of the United Stafes navy, employed on loreign service, under the command of the defendant, and that the defendant was the commander of the expedition on which she was employed, and the time and times of service of the said plaintiffs respectively emlisted as aforesaid, expired while they were on board the said ship on foreign service, and their detention respectively was, in the opinion of the jury, essential to the public interest, then it was lawful for the said defendant, commander as aforesaid, to detain the said plaintiffs respectively on board the said ship; and the said plaintiffs respectively made subject to the laws and rog initions for the government of the navy of the United States. [Granted, but exception made by Mr. May.]

2. If from the evidence aforesaid, the jury shall be of opinion that the plaintiffs respectively signed the said contract, so as aforesaid marked (A.) and received the bounty therein specified, and remained and served on board said ship Vincennes, under the command of the defendant, and received wages therefor until their return to the United States, and while at the island of Oahu, in the Pacific ocean, during the said cruize, the said plaintiffs respectively and with other marines collectively refused to do duty; and, if they shall further find that at the time of the said refusal by the said plaintiffs; it would have been dangerous to the vessel, the master, the crew, in the objects of the voyage, to have kept the said plaintiffs on board the said ship, then it was the duty of said defendant, comma

day of — enlisted as marines in the Naval service of the United States, and being so enlisted, they were during their term of service ordered on board the Vincennes, a United States ship-of-war, under the command of the defendant on foreign service, and while on board the said vessel on such foreign service, their terms of service expired, and if from the said evidence, the jury shall further indicate that the detention of the said plaintiff respectively on board the said ship was essential to the public interests, then it was lawful for the said defendants to detail them, and they being so detained, were thereby subject to the rules and regulations of the Navy of the United States. [Granted—but exceptions taken by Mr. May.]

Upon these instructions and the exceptions taken by Mr. May.]

Upon these instructions and the exceptions thereto, too voluminous to copy) the jury retired at 7 o'clock on Thursday evening, the 1st instant, and on the next day at a quarter past two, returned a vendet of \$500 damages each in the cases of Baab and Dinaman against the defendant, for imprisoning plaintiffs in the fort, and who, in other respects, suffered less than the other two of the plaintiffs, the jury justify defendant the other two of the plaintiffs, the jury justify defendant the other two of the plaintiffs, the jury justify defendant and justiffy the present term of the Court.

Seldom has there been an action before any Court in which the parties, the witnesses, and the counsellors presented such a body of intelligent, scientific or distinguished professional men as have participated in the conduct of these causes. Captain Wikes could not but feel proud, though arraigned as an offender against the laws of humanity, in surveying the learned and tidented the conduct of these causes. Captain Wikes could not but feel proud, though arraigned as an offender against the conduct of these causes. Captain Wikes could not but feel proud, though arraigned as an offender against the conduct of these causes. Captain Wikes could not

LEGISLATIVE SYNOPSIS.—In the Senate yesterday afternoon, the convention bill was again under discussion. The question was upon adopting the amendment of the minority of the select committee, relative to the mamer of ascertaining the wishes of the people in religand to a convention. The amendment, after a long discussion was negatived—17 to 15. To-day, after the report of a vast number of bills, the convention sgain came up and was debated until the hour of recess. The question under discussion was the amendment proposed by the majority of the select committee, to strike out from the bill the restrictions concerning the election of delegates and the ineligibility of officers of the federal government to the convention. No question was taken, and the bill was made the special order for this afternoon.

In the Assembly yesterday afternoon, the Speaker declared the bill for the re-organization of the New York Alms House to be a two-thirds bill, and as such lost. The vote was then reconsidered, and the bill, being amended so as to limit the term of office of the commissioners to one year, was passed. An effort to reconsider the vote by

FORGERY, &C.—One of our citizens, hitherto sustaining a high character for integrity, has been guilty of forgery, with a view, probably, of covering up a previous act equally criminal. George Q. Pomeroy is the person referred to. It is ascertained that he drew a draft of five thousand dollars upon a firm in New York, and forged the acceptance thereof—offered it for discount to one of our bankers, and obtained about \$3,900 upon it. This transaction, and other facts now brought to light, prove that Pomeroy, and him alone, is guilty of the iraud upon the Phenix Bank of Hartford, in relation to the loan of \$12,000 upon the pledge of a package of bills of the Commercial Bank of Buillalo, and which, on being opened, contained nothing but blank paper. While we make this statement, it gives us pleasure to state, that no imputation rests upon the fame of his partner, C. J. Woolson, touching his connection with said package of bills, as a member of the firm Woolson & Pomeroy. Mr. W. has been made the victim of a long series of frauds and deceptions of his partner Pomeroy. Mr. P. left this city one week since, for the city of New York, as he said, and has not since been heard from; and it is since his departure that the astounding developments have been made. A heavy pecuniary loss will tall upon Mr. W., but we learn that his business will go on without embarrassment.—Cleveland Herald, May 5.

A Bogus Canal Line.—There were some persons from Buffalo the other day, in pursuit of property shipped at Albany, to their address, by a Line, which is strongly suspected to be of the Bogus character. We omit, for the present, the pretended names of the firm, simply remarking that references were made to forwarders in this city, who had no knowledge of the existence of the line by which the goods in question were shipped. If the suspicion of four pluy shall be realized, it will add another to the daring frauds which reckless men seek to practice on the community.—Rochester Adocate.

to sentence, in the presence of a large crowd. Perhaps there never was a case which more strongly illustrated the want of a Peniteatiary than this. He had a monomous for stealing, and had been convicted capitally, we believe, three several times, for horse stealing, but escaped each time, either by craving the benefit of clergy, os through some defect in the record. He was finally hung for grand larceny; the article stolen, we think, being a pair of suspenders from a store !-Rateigh (N. C. Register ENGLAND AND TEXAS.-Any quantity, in bulk, of despatches for Mr. Elliott, the British Charge to Texas, arrived here yesterday. They came out by the Caledonia, and will probably be forwarded by the New York on Saturday. It may be fortunate for the diplomatist that no "Sir James Grahams" are employed in re-

matist that no "Sir James Grahams" are employed in re-publican post offices, provided with false seals and stamps, and other instruments of a craft akin to a coun-terfeiter's.—N. O. Pic., May 2.

stamps, and other instruments of a crait akin to a counterfeiter's.—N. O. Pic., May 2.

New Route to Chicago.—A few days since, a steam propeller was announced as having been litted up and ready to sail from Rochester, via the Welland Canal for Chicago. Others were despatched from Oswego at an early day for the same destination, and alter floundering about awile in Lake Ontario and near the mouth of the Canal, in daily expectation of finding a passage through to Lake Erie, some of the boats put into Lewiston and landed their passengers again. One of our propellers has just got up from Schlosser (to which place the passengers were conveyed by railroad) with a full detachment of emigrants, destined for Wisconsin and the prairies.

STEAMBOAT COLLISIONS.—The Lynx and Ohio came together on the 1st inst., near the mouth of the Illinois. The Ohio had her starboard guards from near the bow back to the wheel-house entirely swept off. No one injured. The Bob Letcher and Hard Times came intocol sion on the same day, fifteen miles above Louisville, by which the former was immediately sunk in twelve feet water. There were a large number of passengers on board, who were considerably frightened, and some jumped overboard, but fortunately no lives were lost.

THE EXCISE LAWS.—Vice Chancellor Whittlesey, after an examination of the Laws and Decisions in relation to the subject, has given an opinion that Boards of Excise have power to grant or refuse Licenses to sell spirituous or intoxicating drinks. The citizens of Rochester, acting, we presume, upon this opinion, held a meeting, which adopted resolutions urging the Commo Council to grant no Licenses for the sale of alcoholic liguers.

CALAMITOUS FIRE.—A terrible fire, the work of an incendiary, raged in Newbern, N. C., on the 2d inst., by which dwellings, stores and merchandise were destroyed to the amount of \$50,000 Capt. Smith, Mr. Van Bokkelen, Mr. Justice, Mrs. Chadwick, Mr. Charles Shepherd, Rev. Mr. Hawkes, and Mrs. E. Davis, were among the sufferers.

TROUBLE AT MONTREAL.—On Tuesday night the Rev. Dr. Burns, of the Free Church of Scotland, proceeded to one of the public places in that city, to preach in the open air. While engaged in the services of public worship, some Irish Roman Catholic laborers committed an assault upon him, and threw him down from the chair on which he was stending; some of the bystanders interfered to save him from their violence, among others a young man of the name of Holebrock, who was viclently beaten about the head by one of the ruffams with a hommer. Some soldiers who were standing by drew their bayonets, and the affeir was assuming a very serious appearance, when the police came up and succeeded in arresting four of the Irichmen.

To LET OR LEASE.

A PIECE OF LAND, on the Eighth Avenue and 93d street, containing about 12 acres of land. There is on the premise a Frame Dwelling, which would be repaired for a Know of the Avenue and 18 across the premise a Frame Dwelling, which would be repaired for a know of the Avenue and 18 across the premises a Frame Dwelling, which would be repaired for a know the manual. Apply to ANTHONY CARROLL, 18 in mee.